

SO-QSFP28-LR4-20L

QSFP28, 100G Ethernet eLR4, SM, 1296/1300/1305/1309nm, 20km, 8.5dB, LC

OVERVIEW

The SO-QSFP28-LR4-20L is a QSFP28 form-factor transceiver for 100G Ethernet applications. It is intended for use in inter- and intra-connect applications within and between data centers between switches, routers, storage equipment etc. The optical performance supports optical distances up to 20km over a SingleMode (SM) fiber.

SO-QSFP28-LR4-20L uses four optical channels/lanes @ 25.78Gbps to transport the Ethernet signal. Digital diagnostics functions are available via an I2C interface, as specified by the QSFP28 MSA.

TECHNICAL DATA

Parameter	Value
Technology	Grey QSFP28
Transmission media	SM (2x LC)
Typical reach	20km
Nominal wavelength	Lane 1: 1295.56nm Lane 2: 1300.05nm Lane 3: 1304.58nm Lane 4: 1309.14nm
Interface standards	100GBASE-LR4
Bit rate support	103.12Gbps ¹⁾ 25.78 Gbps ²⁾
Protocol support	100GbE
Power budget	0 – 8.5dB
Power consumption	< 3.5W
Operating temperature	0°C to +70°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C

¹⁾ Aggregated line rate 100GbE

²⁾ Per lane

³⁾ Average power

⁴⁾ Specified at BER 1x10⁻¹²

Parameter	Value
Transmitter data:	
Output power, total	Max +8.3dBm ³⁾
Output power, per lane	Min: -2.8dBm ³⁾ Max: +2.3dBm ³⁾
Transmit wavelength	1294.53 – 1296.59nm 1299.02 – 1301.09nm 1303.54 – 1305.63nm 1308.09 – 1310.19nm
Receiver data:	
Minimum input power, per lane	-11.3dBm ^{3) 4)}
Overload (max power), per lane	+2.3dBm ^{3) 4)}
Wavelength range	1294.53 – 1296.59nm 1299.02 – 1301.09nm 1303.54 – 1305.63nm 1308.09 – 1310.19nm
LOS Assert	Min -24dBm
LOS De-assert	Max -15dBm
LOS Hysteresis	Min 0.5dB
DDM	Yes
MSA compliance	QSFP28 MSA, SFF-8636



Safety/regulatory compliance:

TUV/UL/FDA (contact Smartoptics for latest certification information)

RoHS compliance

Subject to change without notice.

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ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering number	Description
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GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Parameter	Description
Technology	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical. CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid. DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid. BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber. DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical cable with attached connectors. AOC: Active Optical Cable. Optical cable with attached connectors.
Transmission Media	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach	Nominal distance performance based on typical fiber dispersion, fiber loss and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification. Actual distance is dependent on actual optical path loss and dispersion properties.
Bit rate range	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength	Typical wavelength(s) from transmitter.
Interface standards	Referenced interface standards or MSA's, e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services or 100G 4WDM-10 etc.
Power budget	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver w/o optical path penalties.
Dispersion tolerance/penalty	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain stipulated Bit Error Rate (BER) and at a given bit rate.
Temperature range	Max operating case temperature range. Standard temperature range (C-temp): 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F) Extended temperature range (E-temp): typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F) Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption	Worst case power consumption. Will vary over temperature.
Transmitter Output power	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally $1E^{-12}$. Note that some protocols require FEC to achieve sufficient BER.
Receiver max input power	Maximum average input power giving a BER, normally $1E^{-12}$.
DDM	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in e.g. SFF-8472 MSA.

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