

SO-QSFP28-100G-LR

QSFP28, 100G Ethernet LR, SM, 1x 1311nm, PAM4, 10km, 6.3dB, LC

OVERVIEW

The SO-QSFP28-100G-LR is a QSFP28 form-factor transceiver for 100 Gbps Ethernet applications. It is intended for use in intra- and interconnect applications within and between data centers between switches, routers, storage equipment etc.

SO-QSFP28-100G-LR has an optical performance enabling distances of up to 10km over a SingleMode (SM) G.652 fiber-pair cable. The module includes FEC coding Forward Error Correction (KP4 FEC) to ensure reliable system operation. The host system shall thus not have FEC activated. The optical parameters will provide a bit error ratio (BER) of 2.4×10^{-4} . FEC will render in the required BER of better than 1×10^{-12} .

SO-QSFP28-100G-LR uses a single 1311nm channel/lane @ 50Gbaud using PAM4 modulation to transport the Ethernet signal. The electrical interface is 4x 25.78Gbps and compliant with OIF CEI-28G-VSR. Digital diagnostics functions (DDM) are available via an I2C interface, as specified by the QSFP28 MSA.

TECHNICAL DATA

Parameter	Value
Technology	Grey QSFP28
Transmission media	SM (2x LC)
Typical reach	10 km
Nominal wavelength	1x 1311nm
Interface standards	100GBASE-LR
Bit rate support	103.12Gbps ¹⁾ 53.125Gbd ²⁾
Protocol support	100GbE
Power budget	0 – 6.3dB
Power consumption	< 4W
Operating temperature	0°C to +70°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C

¹⁾ Aggregated line rate 100GbE

²⁾ Line baud rate

³⁾ Average power

⁴⁾ Specified at BER 2.4×10^{-4}

Parameter	Value
Transmitter data:	
Output power	Min: -1.4dBm ³⁾ Max: +4.5dBm ³⁾
Transmit wavelength	1304.5 – 1317.5nm
Receiver data:	
Minimum input power	-7.7dBm ^{3) 4)}
Overload (max power)	+4.5dBm ^{3) 4)}
Wavelength range	1304.5 – 1317.5nm
LOS Assert	Min -15dBm
LOS De-assert	Max -12dBm
LOS Hysteresis	Min 0.5dB
DDM	Yes
MSA compliance	QSFP28 MSA SFF-8636

Safety/regulatory compliance:

TUV/UL/FDA (contact Smartoptics for latest certification information)

RoHS compliance



ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering number	Description
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GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Parameter	Description
Technology	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical. CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid. DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid. BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber. DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical cable with attached connectors. AOC: Active Optical Cable. Optical cable with attached connectors.
Transmission Media	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach	Nominal distance performance based on typical fiber dispersion, fiber loss and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification. Actual distance is dependent on actual optical path loss and dispersion properties.
Bit rate range	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength	Typical wavelength(s) from transmitter.
Interface standards	Referenced interface standards or MSA's, e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services or 100G 4WDM-10 etc.
Power budget	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver w/o optical path penalties.
Dispersion tolerance/penalty	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain stipulated Bit Error Rate (BER) and at a given bit rate.
Temperature range	Max operating case temperature range. Standard temperature range (C-temp): 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F) Extended temperature range (E-temp): typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F) Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption	Worst case power consumption. Will vary over temperature.
Transmitter Output power	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally $1E^{-12}$. Note that some protocols require FEC to achieve sufficient BER.
Receiver max input power	Maximum average input power giving a BER, normally $1E^{-12}$.
DDM	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in e.g. SFF-8472 MSA.

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